MANAGED CARE TRACK - TUESDAY NOV 16, 2 PM

CHANGES AND CHALLENGES UNDER CAL AIM

Panelists:

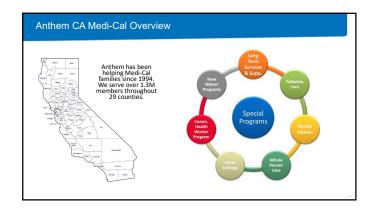
SYDNEY TURNER, MANAGER HEALTH POLICY, MEDI-CAL, HEALTH NET

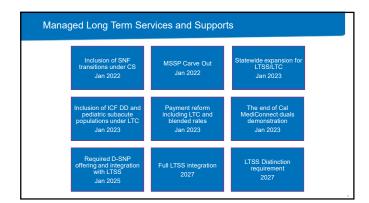
BEAU HENNEMANN, DIRECTOR, SPECIAL PROGRAMS, ANTHEM, INC

KATHERINE BARRESI, RN, DIRECTOR OF CARE COORDINATION, PARTNERSHIP HEALTH PLAN OF CALIFORNIA

	CalAIM Opportunities	Non-CalAIM Opportunities	
2022	 Phased Implementation of Enhanced Care Management (ECM) benefit for people experiencing homelessness, SMI/SUD, high utilizers 		
	 Transition to statewide Medi-Cal Long Term Services & Supports (MLTSS)/Community Supports (formally ILOS) 	Implementation of Medi-Cal Rx	
	 CalAIM Performance Incentive for capacity & infrastructure development 		
	 Provider Access & Transforming Health (PATH) incentive program — Pending CMS approval 		
	MSSP Carve Out in CCI counties		
2023	Phased Implementation of Enhanced Care Management (ECM) benefit for Individuals at risk of institutionalization, Nursing Sacility Residents, Individuals transitioning from incarceration, Children or youth with complex conditions Discontinue CCI and CMC	Home & Community Based Services (HCBS) Spending Plan – Pending CMS approval Community based residential continuum pilots for vulnerable, aging, and disabled	
	 Lift & shift CMC members to the Dual Special Needs Program (DSNP) 	populations	
	Aligned Managed Care enrollment in CCI Counties	 Eliminating ALW waiting list Housing & homelessness incentive progr 	
	 Long Term Care (LTC) benefits carved in, includes Intermediate Care Facilities (ICF), health facilities licensed by state public health, to provide 24-care. 	Community care expansion program Electronic Visit Verification for IHSS caregivers and	
	 Payment reform including LTC and blended rates 	home health workers	
2024		Implementation of new MCP contracts in countie up for re-procurement (RFP)	
2025	Dual Special Needs Program (DSNP) Aligned Managed Care enrollment in non-CCI Counties		
2026	NCQA accreditation for Medi-Cal MCPS and subcontractors		
2027	Statewide Medi-Cal Long Term Services & Supports (MLTSS)		
	LTSS Distinction Confidential and Proprietary Information		







Enhanced Care Management

- Outreach and Engagement
- Comprehensive Assessment/Care Management Plan
- Enhanced Coordination of Care
- Health Promotion
- Comprehensive Transitional Care
- Member and family supports
- Coordination of and Referral to Community and Social Support Services
- Additional services specific to target population



St. Anthony's San Francisco, CA

Enhanced Care Management Target Populations					
Population	Description				
Homeless	Individuals and families (including children) experiencing homelessness and who have at least one complex physical, behavioral, or developmental health need with inability to successfully self-manage				
High utilizers adults	Adult high utilizers with five or more preventable emergency room visits, or 3 or more unplanned hospital and/or short-term skilled nursing facility (NF) stays in a 6-month period				
SMI/SUD risk adults	Adults with county severe mental illness (SMI) or substance use disorder (SUD) diagnosis and experiencing one complex social factor, and are (high risk or institutionalization, or user of crisis services, two or more ED visits or IP in past 12 months due to SMI/SUD-related hospitalizations, or pregnant)				
Nursing facility diversion	Adults at risk for long-term care (LTC) institutionalization who, in the absence of services and supports, would otherwise require care for 90 consecutive days or more in an inpatient NF				
Nursing facility transition	Adult NF residents who want and, with supports, are able to transition to the community				
Jail transition adults	Adults transitioning from incarceration in the past 12 months who have a chronic mental illness, chronic disease, SUD, intellectual or developmental disability, traumatic brain injury (TBI), HIV, or pregnancy				
Children and youth	High utilizers; complex physical, behavioral, or developmental health needs; serious emotional disturbance; California Children's Services (CCS), child welfare (including foster care); incarcerated and transitioning				

Community Supports

- Implemented Statewide in January 2022
- New services can be added every six months
- Expands on Whole Person Care Services and SDOH efforts
- Goal is to build capacity to fully integrate into MLTSS in 2027

CS -

- SNF Transition Services
 RCFE, ARF, Board and Care
 Transition CM services
 Housing Navigation
 Housing Deposits
 Housing Tenancy and Sustaining Services
 Short Term Post Hospitalization Housing
 Recuperative Care
 Day Habilitation Programs
 Non-IHSS Personal Care/Homemaker Services
 Home Modifications
 Meals/Medically Tailored Meals
 Sobering Centers
 Respite (for caregivers)
 Asthma Remediation

Potential Impact on LTC		
Challenges	Short-term impact on LTC referrals and census	
	Adapting to new authorization processes	
	Adapting to new claims/billing processes	
	Working with multiple plans/processes	
	Meeting more robust training/reporting requirements	
	Health Plan learning curve on new populations/services	
	It takes time to build the new levels of trust needed to succeed	
	Learning how to leverage plan resources to navigate barriers	

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	Partnership He	ealthPlan of California	
ed CALIFORNIA	Phase I: ECM & Community Supports (ILOS) – start 1/1/22 • Marin • Napa • Mendocino • Shasta • Sonoma	Phase II: ECM & Community Supports (ILOS) – start 7/1/22 Yolo Lake Humboldt Del Norte Trinity Siskiyou Modoc Lassen Solano	
	Eureka Fairfield	I Redding Santa Rosa	

William William has always lived alone, all of his extended family lives out of state. He paints houses for a living, however as he got older he was more careful with the jobs he took and avoided ones that required him to go on ladders. 2 years ago he started getting numbres in his feet, and the doctor told him he was prediabetic. He couldn't afford to take time off work to go back to the doctor for a check up, so he just shrugged it off. One day his feet gave out due to numbress and he fell from a second story apartment complex, breaking multiple bones including his hips. He is told he needs intensive rehab, as well as help with cooking, bathing and managing his medications. He is discharged to a nursing home, but he wonts to return home. Eureta | Farfield | Redding | Santa Rosa

Why This? Why Now? Currently in Medi-Cal his options for returning home are limited. His recovery is slow, complicated by poor diabetic control, diagnosed heart failure and Chronic Kidney Disease. He stays in the nursing home for several months. He is not able to work as a painter, resulting in the loss of his apartment. While in the facility he receives daily physical and occupational therapy, and gets to a level where he could return home with the right supports, but he doesn't have the resources to find an apartment or caregiver once he goes home. As a result, the nursing home becomes his home even though he doesn't need that level of care and wants to return a home of his own.



Why This? Why Now?

- The thought of not being able to return home makes William depressed, and he becomes reluctant to participate in his plan of care at the facility. He stays in bed most days and starts to develop a bedsore. He also is told that he needs to start Dialysis for his kidney disease.
- William then begins to go in and out of the hospital, because his bedsore is not healing and keeps getting reinfected.
- The staff in the nursing home is worried about him, but the administrator can't
 ignore that every time he is discharged from the hospital, the care he gets in the
 nursing home is reimbursed by Medicare at three to four times the payment they
 get from Medi-Cal for the first 60 days.
- A year after his fall, he is still living in the nursing home and has spent more than three weeks in the hospital in the last six months.

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If CalAIM is Successful...

- William will receive a visit from an ECM care manager shortly after his discharge to a facility.
- The ECM care manager will elicit his goals, and working across the Medicare and Medi-Cal benefits (offered by a managed care plan responsible for both) to help him secure things he may need at home such as: therapy, DME, modifications to his apartment to meet any physical needs, and/or personal care services through an agency while the ECM care manager helps him with his In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) application and caregiver assignment.
- The ECM care manager will also support his changing needs, organizing transportation to appointments, arranging backup care when his usual IHSS worker is unavailable, and working with his primary care physician and nephrologist, and pharmacist to help simplify his medication regimen.
- A year after his fall, he will be living at home with the care he needs to keep him out of a nursing home or hospital.

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Opportunities in CalAIM

- Alignment in services and benefits
- Enhanced person-centered care
- Greater cross sector partnerships
- Better use of finite resources
- Innovation
- Data Integration
- Incentive dollars & benefit growth

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